# فصل پنجم- بخش دوم: مركز هندسي اجسام مركب

### مثالهای تکمیلی:

## EXAMPLE 9.9

Locate the centroid of the wire shown in Fig. 9–16a.

### **SOLUTION**

**Composite Parts.** The wire is divided into three segments as shown in Fig. 9–16b.

**Moment Arms.** The location of the centroid for each segment is determined and indicated in the figure. In particular, the centroid of segment ① is determined either by integration or by using the table on the inside back cover.

**Summations.** For convenience, the calculations can be tabulated as follows:

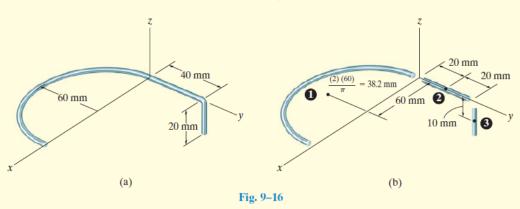
| Segment | L  (mm)            | $\widetilde{x}$ (mm) | $\widetilde{y}$ (mm) | $\widetilde{z}$ (mm) | $\tilde{x}L \text{ (mm}^2)$ | $\widetilde{y}L (\mathrm{mm}^2)$ | $\tilde{z}L$ (mm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|---------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1       | $\pi(60) = 188.5$  | 60                   | -38.2                | 0                    | 11 310                      | -7200                            | 0                               |
| 2       | 40                 | 0                    | 20                   | 0                    | 0                           | 800                              | 0                               |
| 3       | 20                 | 0                    | 40                   | -10                  | 0                           | 800                              | -200                            |
|         | $\Sigma L = 248.5$ |                      |                      |                      | $\Sigma \tilde{x}L = 11310$ | $\Sigma \widetilde{y}L = -5600$  | $\Sigma \widetilde{z}L = -200$  |

Thus,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma \tilde{x}L}{\Sigma L} = \frac{11\ 310}{248.5} = 45.5 \text{ mm}$$
 Ans.

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\Sigma \tilde{y}L}{\Sigma L} = \frac{-5600}{248.5} = -22.5 \text{ mm}$$
 Ans.

$$\overline{z} = \frac{\Sigma \widetilde{z}L}{\Sigma L} = \frac{-200}{248.5} = -0.805 \text{ mm}$$
 Ans.



### **SAMPLE PROBLEM 5/6**

Locate the centroid of the shaded area.

**Solution.** The composite area is divided into the four elementary shapes shown in the lower figure. The centroid locations of all these shapes may be obtained from Table D/3. Note that the areas of the "holes" (parts 3 and 4) are taken as negative in the following table:

| PART   | $_{\rm in.^2}^A$ | $\overline{x}$ in. | $\frac{\overline{y}}{\text{in}}$ . | $\overline{x}A$ in. <sup>3</sup> | $\overline{y}A$ in. <sup>3</sup> |
|--------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1      | 120              | 6                  | 5                                  | 720                              | 600                              |
| 2      | 30               | 14                 | 10/3                               | 420                              | 100                              |
| 3      | -14.14           | 6                  | 1.273                              | -84.8                            | -18                              |
| 4      | -8               | 12                 | 4                                  | -96                              | -32                              |
| TOTALS | 127.9            |                    |                                    | 959                              | 650                              |

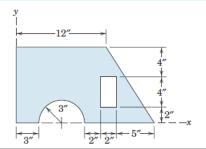
The area counterparts to Eqs. 5/7 are now applied and yield

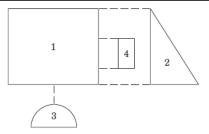
$$\overline{X} = \frac{\Sigma A \overline{x}}{\Sigma A}$$

$$\overline{X} = \frac{959}{127.9} = 7.50$$
 in.

$$\overline{Y} = \frac{\Sigma A \overline{y}}{\Sigma A}$$

$$\overline{Y} = \frac{650}{127.9} = 5.08 \text{ in.}$$





#### **SAMPLE PROBLEM 5/8**

Locate the center of mass of the bracket-and-shaft combination. The vertical face is made from sheet metal which has a mass of 25 kg/m². The material of the horizontal base has a mass of 40 kg/m², and the steel shaft has a density of  $7.83~{\rm Mg/m}^3$ .

**Solution.** The composite body may be considered to be composed of the five elements shown in the lower portion of the illustration. The triangular part will be taken as a negative mass. For the reference axes indicated it is clear by symmetry that the x-coordinate of the center of mass is zero.

The mass m of each part is easily calculated and should need no further explanation. For Part 1 we have from Sample Problem 5/3

$$\overline{z} = \frac{4r}{3\pi} = \frac{4(50)}{3\pi} = 21.2 \text{ mm}$$

For Part 3 we see from Sample Problem 5/2 that the centroid of the triangular mass is one-third of its altitude above its base. Measurement from the coordinate axes becomes

$$\overline{z} = -[150 - 25 - \frac{1}{3}(75)] = -100 \text{ mm}$$

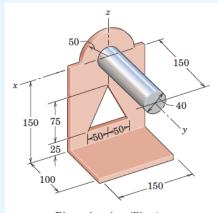
The y- and z-coordinates to the mass centers of the remaining parts should be evident by inspection. The terms involved in applying Eqs. 5/7 are best handled in the form of a table as follows:

| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                               |        |        |      |        |       |         |
|---|--------|--------|------|--------|-------|---------|
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$                                | PART   |        |      | -      |       |         |
| 3 -0.094 0 -100.0 0 9.38   4 0.600 50.0 -150.0 30.0 -90.00   5 1.476 75.0 0 110.7 0 | 1      | 0.098  | 0    | 21.2   | 0     | 2.08    |
| 4 0.600 50.0 -150.0 30.0 -90.00<br>5 1.476 75.0 0 110.7 0                           | 2      | 0.562  | 0    | -75.0  | 0     | -42.19  |
| 5 1.476 75.0 0 110.7 0  | 3      | -0.094 | 0    | -100.0 | 0     | 9.38    |
|   | 4      | 0.600  | 50.0 | -150.0 | 30.0  | -90.00  |
| TOTALS 2.642 140.7 -120.73  | 5      | 1.476  | 75.0 | 0      | 110.7 | 0       |
|   | TOTALS | 2.642  |      |        | 140.7 | -120.73 |

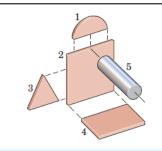
Equations 5/7 are now applied and the results are

$$\left[\overline{Y} = \frac{\Sigma m \overline{y}}{\Sigma m}\right] \qquad \overline{Y} = \frac{140.7}{2.642} = 53.3 \text{ mm}$$
 Ans.

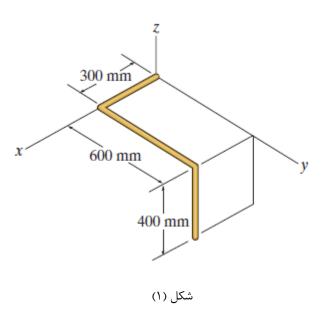
$$\overline{Z} = \frac{\Sigma m \overline{z}}{\Sigma m}$$
  $\overline{Z} = \frac{-120.73}{2.642} = -45.7 \text{ mm}$  Ans.



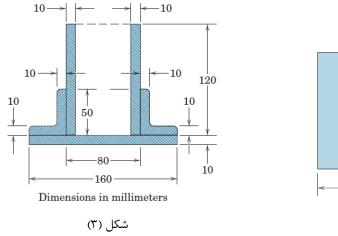
Dimensions in millimeters

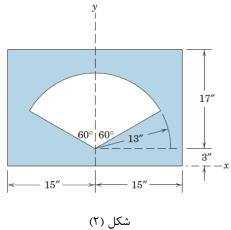


تمرین ۱- مرکز هندسی سیم نشان داده شده در شکل ۱ را تعیین نمایید.

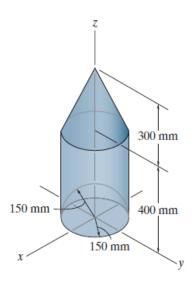


تمرین ۲- مرکز سطح سطوح نشان داده شده در شکلهای ۲ و  $^{\circ}$  را تعیین نمایید.





تمرین ۳- جسم نشان داده شده در شکل ۴ شامل یک استوانه و یک مخروط میباشد. در انتهای استوانه یک حفره نیم کرهای شکل ایجاد شده است. اگر چگالی استوانه و مخروط به ترتیب 2.7 Mg/m³ و 7.8 Mg/m³ باشد، مرکز جرم جسم مرکب را بیابید.



شکل (۴)

موفق باشيد.