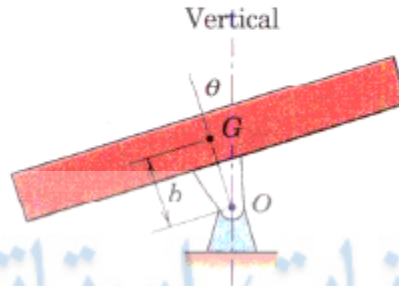


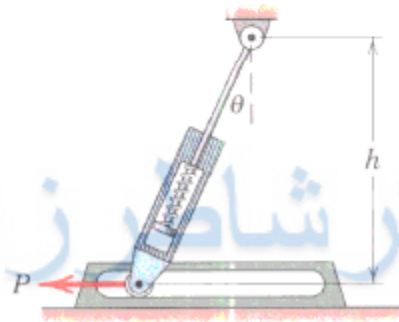
1

The bar of mass m with center of mass at G is pivoted about a horizontal axis through O . Prove the stability conditions for the two positions of equilibrium.



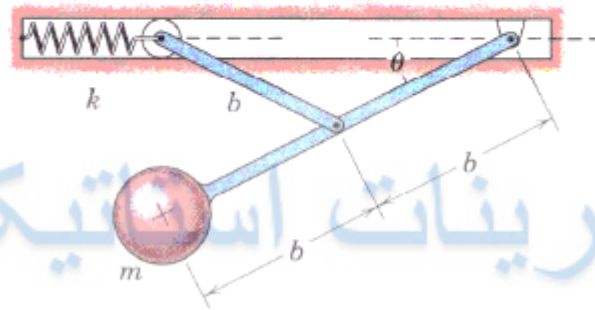
2

Determine the force P required to maintain equilibrium of the spring-loaded mechanism for a given angle θ . The spring has a stiffness k and is uncompressed at $\theta = 0$. The mass of the parts may be neglected.



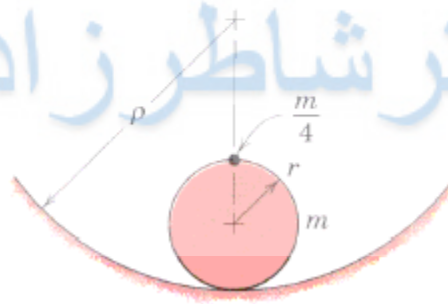
3

For the device shown the spring would be unstretched in the position $\theta = 0$. Specify the stiffness k of the spring which will establish an equilibrium position θ in the vertical plane. The mass of the links is negligible compared with m .



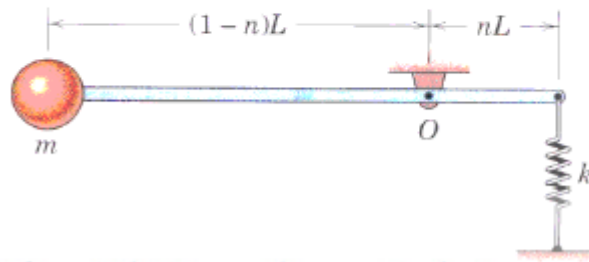
4

The cylinder of mass m and radius r rolls without slipping on the circular surface of radius ρ . Attached to the cylinder is a small body of mass $m/4$. Determine the maximum value of ρ for which the body is stable in the equilibrium position shown.



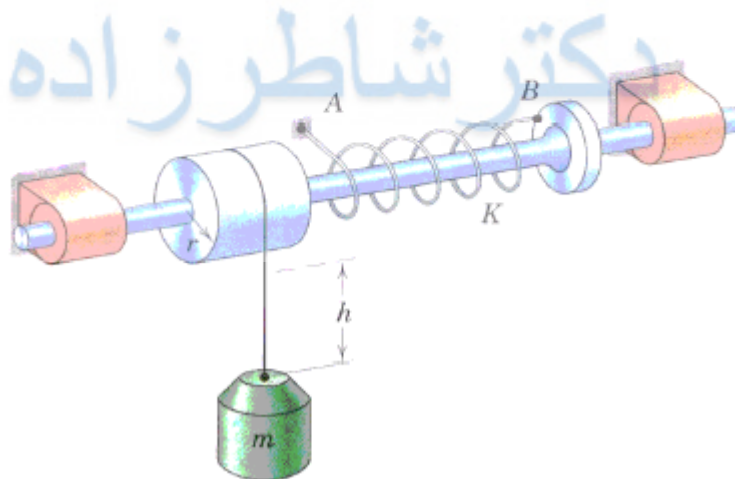
5

The system of freely pivoted light bar, end mass m , and spring of stiffness k is shown in its equilibrium configuration. The parameter n is a fraction which lies in the range $0 < n < 1$. Show that the system is stable for all values of n in the permitted range.

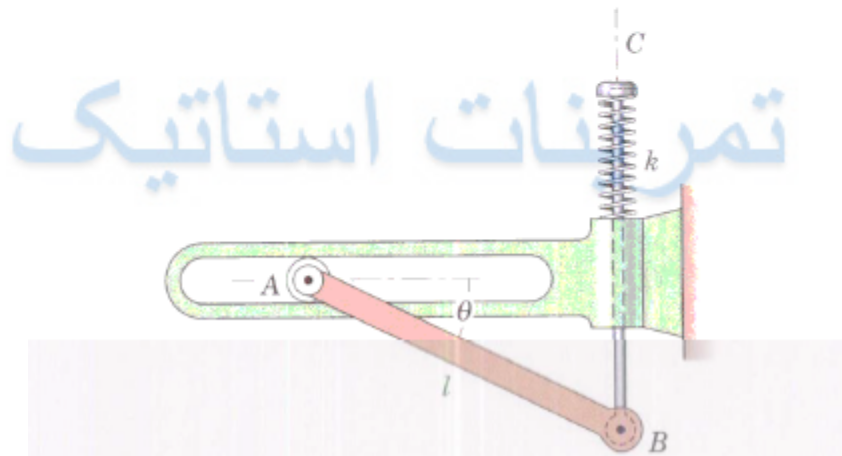


6

One end of the torsion spring is secured to the ground at A , and the other end is fastened to the shaft at B . The torsional stiffness K of the elastic spring is the torque required to twist the spring through an angle of one radian. The spring resists the moment about the shaft axis caused by the tension mg in the cable wrapped around the drum of radius r . Determine the equilibrium value of h measured from the dashed position, where the spring is untwisted.



The uniform link AB has a mass m , and its left end A travels freely in the fixed horizontal slot. End B is attached to the vertical plunger, which compresses the spring as B falls. The spring would be uncompressed at the position $\theta = 0$. Determine the angle θ for equilibrium (other than the impossible position corresponding to $\theta = 90^\circ$) and designate the condition which will ensure stability.



تمرینات استاتیک

دکتر شاطرزاده